Introduction: The role that mentalized affectivity plays in the relationship between romance love and relationship satisfaction was investigated. Methods: A sample of 504 participants completed three self-report measures: Mentalized Affectivity Scale, Adapted Triangular Love Scale, and the Relationship Assessment Scale. A model was proposed that the Processing/Modulating component of mentalized affectivity would moderate the relationship between Intimacy and Relationship Satisfaction. Results: A number of relationships among the variables was found. However, the moderation model was not supported. Conclusion: Possible reasons for the findings are discussed. Results show the importance of modulating ability on romantic relationships: being better skilled at modulating one’s affects and emotions predicts greater intimacy levels in relationships as well as greater levels of relationship satisfaction.